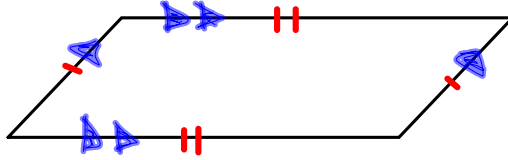
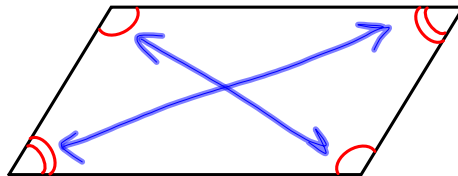


Chapter 8.3: Show that a Quadrilateral is a Parallelogram

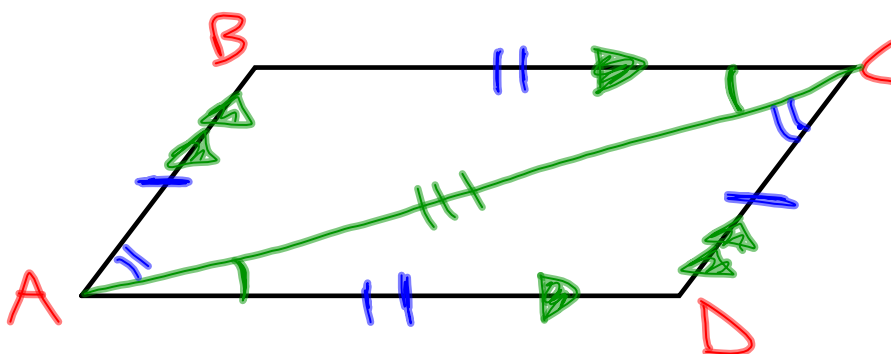
Theorem 8.7: If both pairs of opposite sides are congruent, then the quad is a parallelogram.



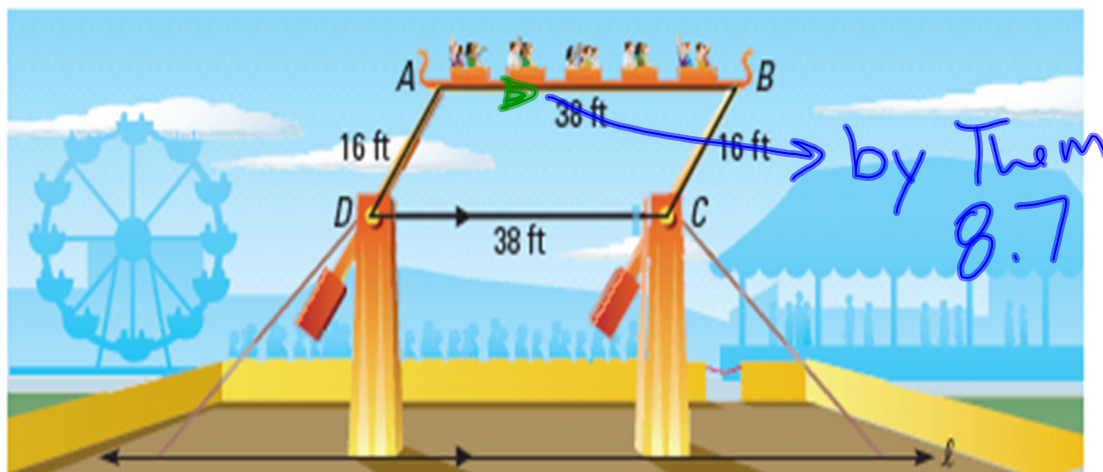
Theorem 8.8: If both pairs of opposite angles are congruent, then the quad is a parallelogram.



Prove Theorem 8.7



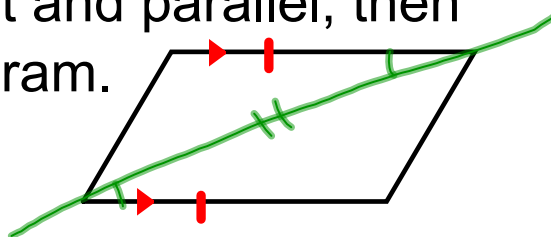
Why is AB always parallel to the ground(l)?



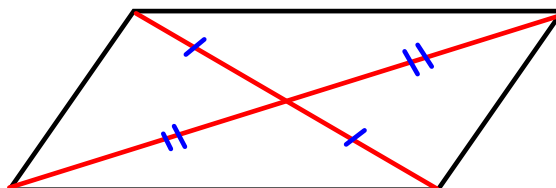
$$\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC} + \overline{DC} \parallel l$$

$$\overline{AB} \parallel l$$

Theorem 8.9: If one pair of opposite sides of a quad are congruent and parallel, then the quad is a parallelogram.



Theorem 8.10: If the diagonals of a quad bisect each other, then the quad is a parallelogram.



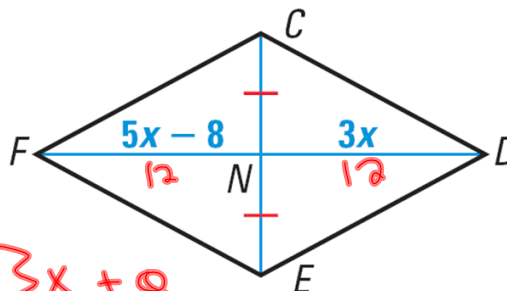
Why is  $SV=TV$ ?

STVU is a  
parallelogram  
by 8.9

$SV=TV$   
by 8.3



For what value of  $x$  is quad CDEF a parallelogram?



$$5x - 8 = 3x + 8$$

$$5x = 3x + 8$$

$$-3x \quad -3x$$

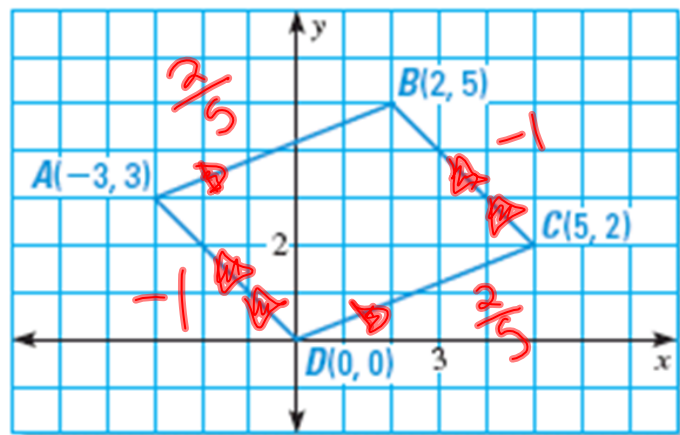
$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$x = 4$$

## Ways to prove a quad is a parallelogram

- Show both pairs of sides are parallel (slope is the same).
  - Show opposite sides are congruent (length is the same).
  - Show opposite angles are the same.
  - Show that opposite sides are congruent and parallel.
- Show the diagonals bisect each other.

ex. show that quad ABCD is a parallelogram.



$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

Homework: Chapter 8.3 pg. 526  
#'s 4-6,8,10,12,16,20,26